

from matagumpay who is known as victor antonio living in liwanag street in santo tomas in aliaga in nueva ecija in mawika (philippines) with cellphone number +639093354366

to thee (singular you).

good day to thee. peace to thee. this is about the new alphabet and the sample grammar of tagalog language being the greatest language in the nation mawika which many call philippines. the words here must be read orally

## 1. the new alphabet of tagalog language

i wants to discuss to thee the new alphabet of tagalog, being the greatest language in my nation which has many languages. this new alphabet which i has invented is perfect in form and in function for tagalog language.

is there a need to have new letters for tagalog language? yes, there is. speakers of tagalog have been borrowing the letters of spanish language and english language to write in tagalog language. but tagalog language does not belong to the language family of spanish or of english so it is not related linguistically to spanish or to english and because of this tagalog must not continue to borrow letters from spanish and from english. the second reason

for the need for new letters for tagalog language is that tagalog language must have unique and different alphabet to use in writing or in preserving tagalog words. chinese has its own way of writing and so do japanese and korean and hebrew and arabic and so tagalog must have its own way of writing.

the following are the new letters that form the sounds of tagalog language and these letters are linguistically perfect in form and in function. each letter represents a tagalog sound. in transliterating these letters into roman letters the letter x is used for the glottal unvoiced sound and the letter q for the velar nasal sound which is ng in other orthography. the new alphabet of tagalog which i has invented consists of sixteen letters only which are all consonants and they are

⊏ x (glottal sound)

⊐ h

□ s

⊔ k








⊕ g

⊖ q (ng)

└ t

┘ d

┐ n

 p  
 b  
 m  
 l  
 r  
 w  
 y


tagalog vowels are five and they are obligatory sounds of the consonants and they are

 a    
  e    
  i    
  o    
  u

 bah    
  beh    
  bih    
  boh    
  buh

the words which are written using the english alphabet such as


aso *dog*  
 usok *smoke*  
 utak *brain*  
 ibon *bird*  
 ilaw *lamp*  
 isa *one*  
 alak *wine*





begin with the glottal letter . using this new alphabet the above tagalog words are written in this way

 aso *dog*  
 usok *smoke*  
 utak *brain*  
 ibon *bird*  
 ilaw *lamp*  
 isa *one*  
 alak *wine*

and the words such as

bata *child*  
maga *swollen*  
dugo *blood*  
wika *language*

are written having the letter  being the last letter of the word and using this new alphabet the words above are written in this way

 bata *child*  
 maga *swollen*  
 dugo *blood*  
 wika *language*

and the words that are written having adjacent vowels such as

noo *forehead*


00 *yes*

tao *man*

maaari possible

are written having the letter  $\square$ . using this new alphabet the above words are written in this way

 noo *forehead*

 oo *yes*

𠂇𠂇𠂇𠂇 tao man

maari *possible*

and the words such as

mata *eye*

tainga *ear*

abo *ash*

apo *grandchild*

are written having letter  $\square$  at the end. using this new alphabet the words above are written in this way

 mata *eye*

𐄆𐄆𐄇𐄆𐄆 tainga *ear*  
 𐄆𐄆𐄇𐄆𐄆 abo *ash*  
 𐄆𐄆𐄇𐄆𐄆 apo *grandchild*

every tagalog word begins with consonant and ends with consonant like 𐄆𐄆𐄇, 𐄆𐄆𐄇𐄆𐄆. there are two kinds of syllables in tagalog. the first kind of syllable is the opened syllable which is originally a closed syllable which ends with the consonant letter 𐄆. the letter 𐄆 in the closed syllable disappears when it is not the last consonant of the word such as in the word 𐄆𐄆𐄇𐄆𐄇𐄇𐄇 which becomes 𐄆𐄆𐄇𐄇𐄇𐄇 and so it becomes opened syllable. but in the word 𐄆𐄆𐄇𐄆𐄆 the consonant 𐄆 remains because it is in the final position being the last consonant of the word and this syllable is closed syllable. the second kind of syllable is the closed syllable which ends with any of the remaining fifteen consonants.

the closed syllables in tagalog which end in consonant 𐄆 are the following. try to read them loudly

𐄆𐄆𐄆 𐄆𐄆𐄆𐄆 𐄆𐄆𐄆𐄆 𐄆𐄆𐄆𐄆 𐄆𐄆𐄆𐄆 𐄆𐄆𐄆𐄆 𐄆𐄆𐄆𐄆 𐄆𐄆𐄆𐄆 𐄆𐄆𐄆  
 𐄆𐄆𐄆𐄆 𐄆𐄆𐄆𐄆𐄆 𐄆𐄆𐄆𐄆𐄆 𐄆𐄆𐄆𐄆𐄆 𐄆𐄆𐄆𐄆𐄆 𐄆𐄆𐄆𐄆𐄆 𐄆𐄆𐄆𐄆𐄆 𐄆𐄆𐄆𐄆𐄆

𐄆𐄆𐄆𐄆 𐄆𐄆𐄆𐄆𐄆 𐄆𐄆𐄆𐄆𐄆 𐄆𐄆𐄆𐄆𐄆 𐄆𐄆𐄆𐄆𐄆 𐄆𐄆𐄆𐄆𐄆 𐄆𐄆𐄆𐄆𐄆 𐄆𐄆𐄆𐄆𐄆  
 𐄆𐄆𐄆𐄆𐄆 𐄆𐄆𐄆𐄆𐄆𐄆 𐄆𐄆𐄆𐄆𐄆𐄆 𐄆𐄆𐄆𐄆𐄆𐄆 𐄆𐄆𐄆𐄆𐄆𐄆 𐄆𐄆𐄆𐄆𐄆𐄆 𐄆𐄆𐄆𐄆𐄆𐄆 𐄆𐄆𐄆𐄆𐄆𐄆

אֵלֶּה אֵלֶּה אֵלֶּה אֵלֶּה אֵלֶּה אֵלֶּה אֵלֶּה אֵלֶּה  
 אֵלֶּה אֵלֶּה אֵלֶּה אֵלֶּה אֵלֶּה אֵלֶּה אֵלֶּה אֵלֶּה

אֵלֶּה אֵלֶּה אֵלֶּה אֵלֶּה אֵלֶּה אֵלֶּה אֵלֶּה אֵלֶּה  
 אֵלֶּה אֵלֶּה אֵלֶּה אֵלֶּה אֵלֶּה אֵלֶּה אֵלֶּה אֵלֶּה

אֵלֶּה אֵלֶּה אֵלֶּה אֵלֶּה אֵלֶּה אֵלֶּה אֵלֶּה אֵלֶּה  
 אֵלֶּה אֵלֶּה אֵלֶּה אֵלֶּה אֵלֶּה אֵלֶּה אֵלֶּה אֵלֶּה

among the five groups above the first group which has the vowel **א** is used to name the letters of the new alphabet but the sixteen tagalog letters may be named using any of the four remaining vowels. the vowel **א** is used to name the letters of the new alphabet because it is the most frequently used vowel in tagalog language. the name of this new alphabet is called ayah (**אֵלֶּה אֵלֶּה אֵלֶּה**) alphabet. the name **אֵלֶּה אֵלֶּה אֵלֶּה** is from the **אֵלֶּה** which is the first letter and the **אֵלֶּה** which is the last letter. the name of this new alphabet is also called ahasah (**אֵלֶּה אֵלֶּה אֵלֶּה אֵלֶּה אֵלֶּה אֵלֶּה אֵלֶּה אֵלֶּה**) alphabet which consists of the names of the first three letters of this new alphabet which are **אֵלֶּה** and **אֵלֶּה** and **אֵלֶּה**.

now try to read the following

אֵלֶּה אֵלֶּה אֵלֶּה אֵלֶּה אֵלֶּה אֵלֶּה אֵלֶּה אֵלֶּה  
 אֵלֶּה אֵלֶּה אֵלֶּה אֵלֶּה אֵלֶּה אֵלֶּה אֵלֶּה אֵלֶּה

LᵢCᵣᵀᵀ ᵀᵀC ᵀᵀ+ᵀᵀᵀᵀᵀᵀᵀᵀ ᵀᵀᵀ ᵀᵀ+ᵀᵀᵀ  
 ᵀᵀᵀᵀᵀᵀᵀᵀ ᵀᵀᵀ ᵀᵀ+ᵀᵀᵀᵀᵀ.  
 ᵀᵀᵀ ᵀᵀᵀᵀᵀ ᵀᵀC ᵀᵀᵀᵀᵀᵀᵀᵀᵀᵀ.  
 ᵀᵀᵀ ᵀᵀᵀᵀᵀᵀ ᵀᵀC ᵀᵀᵀᵀᵀᵀᵀᵀᵀᵀᵀᵀ.  
 ᵀᵀᵀᵀᵀ ᵀᵀᵀᵀᵀᵀᵀ ᵀᵀᵀ ᵀᵀ+ᵀᵀᵀᵀᵀᵀᵀ?  
 ᵀᵀᵀᵀᵀᵀ ᵀᵀᵀ ᵀᵀᵀᵀᵀᵀᵀ?  
 ᵀᵀᵀ ᵀᵀ+ᵀᵀᵀᵀᵀᵀᵀᵀ ᵀᵀC ᵀᵀ+ᵀᵀᵀᵀᵀᵀᵀᵀᵀᵀ ᵀᵀᵀ  
 ᵀᵀᵀᵀᵀ ᵀᵀᵀᵀᵀᵀᵀᵀ.  
 ᵀᵀ+ᵀᵀᵀᵀᵀ ᵀᵀᵀ ᵀᵀ+ᵀᵀᵀᵀᵀᵀ ᵀᵀᵀ ᵀᵀᵀᵀᵀ ᵀᵀᵀ  
 ᵀᵀᵀᵀᵀᵀᵀᵀ ᵀᵀᵀ ᵀᵀᵀᵀᵀᵀᵀ.  
 ᵀᵀ+ᵀᵀᵀᵀᵀ ᵀᵀᵀ ᵀᵀ+ᵀᵀᵀᵀᵀᵀᵀ ᵀᵀᵀ ᵀᵀᵀᵀᵀ ᵀᵀᵀ  
 ᵀᵀᵀᵀᵀᵀᵀᵀ ᵀᵀᵀ ᵀᵀᵀᵀᵀᵀᵀ.

now try to write the following sentences in the new alphabet of tagalog.

xakoh xay nagbabasah.  
 siyah xay nakikinig.  
 tayoh xay nagxaxaral naq bagoq pantitik naq  
 tagalog.  
 xaq pusax xay kumakaxin.  
 xaq xasoh xay xumixinom.  
 saxan naroxon xaq pagkaxin?  
 nasaxan xaq tubig?  
 xaq pagbabasah xay pagsasalitax naq maqah salitax.  
 magsanay kaq magsulat nah gamit xaq panitik nah  
 xitoh.



magsanay kaq magbasah nah gamit xaq panitik nah xitoh.

stress or accent in the syllable is placed in the vowels and it is represented by a small mark. the following words contain stressed or accented vowels

ásoh *dog*  
púsax *cat*  
dagáx *rat*  
kambíq *goat*  
lóboh *balloon*  
lúpax *soil, ground*  
pérah *money*

the accented vowels in tagalog based on the above words are the following

í	é	í	ó	ú
á	é	í	ó	ú

there is a need to write vowels with accent in words such as

áso *dog*  
asó *smoke*

báli *break*

balí *broken*

háti *division*

hatí *divided*

túlog *sleep*

tulóg *sleeping*

using this new alphabet the tagalog words above  
are written in this way

□i□┐□ áso *dog*

□i□┐□ asó *smoke*

┐i┐┐□ báli *break*

┐i┐┐□ balí *broken*

□i┐┐□ háti *division*

□i┐┐□ hatí *divided*

┐┐┐┐┐ túlog *sleep*

┐┐┐┐┐ tulóg *sleeping*

here ends the discussion about the new alphabet of  
tagalog and what will follow is the discussion about  
the grammar of tagalog language which is very  
interesting and new but i knows that thou needs to  
be skillful first in writing and in reading in this

new alphabet because my discussion about the grammar of tagalog is written in this new alphabet and not in english or roman alphabet.

i created many fonts for tagalog language and for all languages in my nation which many call philippines and thou may download them from

<https://www.facebook.com/groups/651059094910410/706615796021406/>

here are the keys in using the fonts

#### consonants

⌈	⌈	⌈	⌋	+	⌋	⌋	⌋	⌋	⌋	⌋	⌋	⌋	⌋	⌋	⌋
x	h	s	k	g	q	t	d	n	p	b	m	l	r	w	y

#### vowels

⌈	⌋	⌋	⌋	⌋
a	e	i	o	u

#### vowels with stress or accent

⌈	⌋	⌋	⌋	⌋
(á	é	í	ó	ú)
c	f	j	v	z

in using all the fonts here, use the symbols < and > for singles quotations and the symbols <<

and >> for double quotations and the symbol , (comma) for apostrophe.

in using the fonts, namely mabutih and mabutih kah and mabutih siyah and mabutih toh, press capslock to write in tagalog language using this new alphabet and remove capslock to write using the letter of english or roman alphabet. and then

1. go to word options of microsoft office word
2. click proofing
3. click autocorrect option and uncheck <capitalize the first letter of sentences> and <capitalize first letter of table cells> and <capitalize names of days>

i has embedded to this file the mahal font which contains the new alphabet of tagalog and if thou (singular you) wants to write using this tagalog font in the computer using this file, here is how to use the keyboard. simply press the capslock key and it is ready already to write in tagalog language using this alphabet. and if thou wants to write using the english letters, just remove the capslock and it is ready already.

if thou wants to have the font to write in computer using this new alphabet of tagalog, download the mahal font from this website

<https://www.facebook.com/groups/651059094910410/651122461570740/>
















if thou will install the mahal font in your computer and after installing it

1. go to home of microsoft office word
2. change the font face or name choosing the mahal font
3. go to the font dialog box by clicking box under the font
4. go to character spacing
5. change the spacing from normal to expanded by 2 pt
6. change the position from normal to raised 6 pt
7. click yes
8. go to word options
9. click proofing
10. click autocorrect option and uncheck <capitalize the first letter of sentences> and <capitalize first letter of table cells> and <capitalize names of days>
12. press capslock to write using this new alphabet
13. remove capslock to write using the alphabet of english language

2. sample of the grammar of tagalog language

## 2.1. the grammar of the heads of noun or nounheads

וְיִתְּנֵהּ לְפָנֶיךָ יְיָ אֱלֹהֵינוּ  
 וְנִשְׁמַח בְּעֲבוּרָהּ וְנִשְׁמַח בְּעֲבוּרָהּ  
 וְנִשְׁמַח בְּעֲבוּרָהּ וְנִשְׁמַח בְּעֲבוּרָהּ  
 וְנִשְׁמַח בְּעֲבוּרָהּ וְנִשְׁמַח בְּעֲבוּרָהּ

[illegible]

UIT  
FIT  
OIO

ULL ΓJJΓO4Γ 1ΓΓ ΓΓΓΓΓΓΓΓ  
 UT LLL1 ΓΓ U OΓ UT UL  
 ΓΓΓΓΓΓ Γ UΓΓΓ ΓΓΓΓΓΓΓΓ UT  
 OΓLLT ΓT. UT OΓLLT OΓ UL  
 ΓΓΓΓ OΓ T ΓΓΓΓΓΓΓΓ 1ΓΓΓΓ  
 OΓ O UL ΓΓΓΓ ΓΓΓΓΓΓ OΓ.

[illegible][illegible]

וְהָיָה כִּי יִשְׁאַלְכֶם בְּנֵי יִשְׂרָאֵל וְעָנוּ לֵאמֹר  
 וְהָיָה כִּי יִשְׁאַלְכֶם בְּנֵי יִשְׂרָאֵל וְעָנוּ לֵאמֹר.

## 2.2. the grammar of interrogative pronouns

וְהָיָה כִּי יִשְׁאַלְכֶם בְּנֵי יִשְׂרָאֵל וְעָנוּ לֵאמֹר  
 וְהָיָה כִּי יִשְׁאַלְכֶם בְּנֵי יִשְׂרָאֵל וְעָנוּ לֵאמֹר  
 וְהָיָה כִּי יִשְׁאַלְכֶם בְּנֵי יִשְׂרָאֵל וְעָנוּ לֵאמֹר  
 וְהָיָה כִּי יִשְׁאַלְכֶם בְּנֵי יִשְׂרָאֵל וְעָנוּ לֵאמֹר

וְהָיָה	וְהָיָה-וְהָיָה
וְהָיָה	וְהָיָה-וְהָיָה
וְהָיָה	וְהָיָה-וְהָיָה

וְהָיָה	וְהָיָה-וְהָיָה
וְהָיָה	וְהָיָה-וְהָיָה
וְהָיָה	וְהָיָה-וְהָיָה

וְהָיָה	וְהָיָה-וְהָיָה
וְהָיָה	וְהָיָה-וְהָיָה
וְהָיָה	וְהָיָה-וְהָיָה

וְהָיָה	וְהָיָה-וְהָיָה
וְהָיָה	וְהָיָה-וְהָיָה
וְהָיָה	וְהָיָה-וְהָיָה







